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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/852,210 22850	05/10/2001 7590 08/11/2003	Yoshimasa Suzuki	208267US3	3842	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			EXAMINER		
	A, VA 22314		COOLEY, CHARLES E		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1723		
			DATE MAILED: 08/11/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Q[
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Office Action Summar		09/852,210 Examiner	SUZUKI ET AL.	/
	•	Charles E. Coole	Art Unit	
	The MAILING DATE of this communica			dress
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) do period for reply is specified above, the maximum statute	ATION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, howe cation. ays, a reply within the statutory mire	ever, may a reply be timely filed imum of thirty (30) days will be considered time	ly.
- Fallu - Anyı	re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	by statute, cause the application to	hecome ARANDONED (25116 C 6 422)	
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>11 June 2003</u> .		
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b)	☐ This action is non-fi	nal.	
3)□ Dispositi	Since this application is in condition fo closed in accordance with the practice ion of Claims	r allowance except for for under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> ,	rmal matters, prosecution as to the 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	ne merits is
·	Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the appli	ication.		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are v		ation.	
6)🖂	Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are rejected.			
7)🖂	Claim(s) 3-6 is/are objected to.			
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction on Papers	n and/or election require	ment.	
9)[The specification is objected to by the Ex	xaminer.		
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)[☐ accepted or b)☐ objecte	ed to by the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objecti			
11)[The proposed drawing correction filed or	n is: a)∏ approve	d b) disapproved by the Examin	er.
_	If approved, corrected drawings are require		ion.	
12) 🗌 🗆	Γhe oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner.		
riority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)[☑ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:			
	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority doc	cuments have been recei	ved.	
	2. Certified copies of the priority doc	cuments have been recei	ved in Application No	
	 Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation ee the attached detailed Office action for the attached detailed Office action for	nal Bureau (PCT Rule 1	7.2(a)).	Stage
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for d			application)
a)	☐ The translation of the foreign languation of the foreign languation of the foreign languation of the foreign languation of the foreign languation.	age provisional application	n has been received.	.,,
ttachment				
) 🔲 Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-5 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper	948) 5)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTC Other:	s) D-152)
Patent and Tra O-326 (Rev	ademark Office	ffice Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 16	

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Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. § 119, which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Specification

- 2. The abstract is acceptable.
- 3. The amended title of the invention is acceptable.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Randklev (US 4,871,261).

The patent to Randklev (USP 4,871,261) discloses a mixer 10 including a capsule 12 or 214 with a mixing compartment 22 or 238 for dental material therein; airpermeable filter 26 (col. 4, lines 17-24) or 288 (in the embodiment of Fig. 5) placed as an outer wall forming a part of a peripheral wall of the mixing compartment (Fig. 1); a capsule holding chamber 18 which holds the capsule 12 or 288 in a portion other than a portion corresponding to the filter 26 (note the capsule 12 is physically held at area 42 which is spaced from the filter and an area 40 is also provided spaced from the filter 26 hence the capsule is not considered held at the portion corresponding to the filter 26 – see Figure 1 and note the equivalence between the embodiments is expressed at col. 6, lines 38-40); the capsule holding chamber 18 being connected to a vacuum device 54,

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58; and a plunger 292 (Fig. 6) disposed within the capsule which is adapted to extrude the material from the capsule (col. 6, lines 56-60).

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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8. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Randklev (USP 4,871,261) in view of Applicant' admitted prior art (AAPA).

Randklev (USP 4,871,261) discloses a vacuum device but does not disclose the vacuum device being an ejector connected to a compressed air supply device for a dental unit. Applicant' admitted prior art (Pages 19-20) teaches that a vacuum device can be a prior art ejector connected to a compressed air supply device for a known dental unit, where the compressed air supply device for a known dental unit placed in a dental clinic can be used as the power source thereof. Accordingly, since the admitted prior art suggests that the vacuum source of claim 2 is a well known vacuum device used in the dental art, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time applicant's invention was made, to have substituted the vacuum device of Randklev (USP 4,871,261) with a prior art ejector connected to a compressed air supply device for a known dental unit for the purpose of lowering the complexity of the mixer and reducing the cost thereof by utilizing a typical on-site vacuum source in a dental clinic environment in which the mixer of Randklev (USP 4,871,261) would typically be implemented.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 9. Claims 3-6 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 10. Claims 7-9 are allowed over the prior art of record.

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Response to Amendment

11. Applicant's arguments filed 11 JUN 2003 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

Applicant is reminded that "[a] claim is anticipated only if each and every element as set forth in the claim is found, either expressly or inherently described, in a single prior art reference." *Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. of California*, 814 F.2d 628, 631, 2 USPQ2d 1051, 1053 (Fed. Cir. 1987). "The identical invention must be shown in as complete detail as is contained in the ... claim." *Richardson v. Suzuki Motor Co.*, 868 F.2d 1226, 1236, 9 USPQ2d 1913, 1920 (Fed. Cir. 1989). The elements must be arranged as required by the claim, but this is not an ipsissimis verbis test, i.e., identity of terminology is not required. *In re Bond*, 910 F.2d 831, 15 USPQ2d 1566 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

Turning to the rejection of the claim under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b), it is noted that the terminology in a pending application's claims is to be given its broadest reasonable interpretation (*In re Zletz*, 893 F.2d 319, 321, 13 USPQ2d 1320, 1322 (Fed. Cir. 1989)) and limitations from a pending application's specification will not be read into the claims (*Sjolund v. Musland*, 847 F.2d 1573, 1581-82, 6 USPQ2d 2020, 2027 (Fed. Cir. 1988)). Anticipation under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) is established only when a single prior art reference discloses, either expressly or under the principles of inherency, each and every element of a claimed invention. See *Constant v. Advanced Micro-Devices. Inc.*, 848 F.2d 1560, 1570, 7 USPQ2d 1057, 1064 (Fed. Cir.), cert. denied, 488 U.S. 892 (1988); *RCA Corp. v. Applied Digital Data Sys.. Inc.*, 730 F.2d 1440, 1444, 221 USPQ

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385, 388 (Fed. Cir. 1984). Moreover, anticipation by a prior art reference does not require either the inventive concept of the claimed subject matter or the recognition of properties that are inherently possessed by the prior art reference. Verdegaal Brothers Inc. v. Union Oil co. of California, 814 F.2d 628, 633, 2 USPQ2d 1051, 1054 (Fed. Cir. 1987), cert. denied, 484 U.S. 827 (1987). A prior art reference anticipates the subject matter of a claim when that reference discloses each and every element set forth in the claim (In re Paulsen, 30 F.3d 1475, 1478-79, 31 USPQ2d 1671, 1673 (Fed. Cir. 1994) and In re Spada, 911 F.2d 705, 708, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1657 (Fed. Cir. 1990)); however, the law of anticipation does not require that the reference teach what Applicant is claiming, but only that the claims "read on" something disclosed in the reference. Kalman v. Kimberly-Clark Corp., 713 F.2d 760, 772, 218 USPQ 781, 789 (Fed. Cir. 1983), cert. denied, 465 U.S. 1026 (1984) (and overruled in part on another issue), SRI Intel v. Matsushita Elec. Corp. Of Am., 775 F.2d 1107, 1118, 227 USPQ 577, 583 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Also, a reference anticipates a claim if it discloses the claimed invention such that a skilled artisan could take its teachings in combination with his own knowledge of the particular art and be in possession of the invention. See In re Graves, 69 F.3d 1147, 1152, 36 USPQ2d 1697, 1701 (Fed. Cir. 1995), cert. denied, 116 S.Ct. 1362 (1996), quoting from In re LeGrice, 301 F.2d 929, 936, 133 USPQ 365, 372 (CCPA 1962).

With respect to the applied prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b), the examiner has explicitly demonstrated how the reference discloses each and every element set forth in amended claim 1 and how the pending claim reads on the disclosure of the reference.

hence the rejection is considered proper. Contrary to Applicant's assertion, the patent to Randklev shows a plunger 292 in Fig. 6 in cooperation with the capsule 214.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles E. Cooley whose telephone number is (703) 308-0112. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda Walker can be reached on (703) 308-0457. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Charles E. Cooley Primary Examiner Art Unit 1723

CEC August 6, 2003